IN THE CLAIMS

thereof.

Claims 1-16, 20, and 31-33 are withdrawn from consideration pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 121. Please amend claim 17-19 and 21-30 according to the following replacement claim set.

- (Withdrawn) A method of making antimicrobial fabrics comprising the steps of:
 creating a free radical species on a surface of the fabric; and
 reacting a polymerizable monomer with the free radical species to initiate graft
 polymerization of the monomer on the fabric surface, wherein the monomer has a functional
 group selected from antimicrobial groups, precursors to antimicrobial groups, and combinations
- 2. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1, wherein the free radical species on the fabric surface is created by means of gamma irradiation polymerization techniques.
- 3. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1, wherein the free radical species on the fabric surface is created by means of UV-assisted polymerization techniques.
- 4. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1, wherein the free radical species on the fabric surface is created by means of flame-initiated polymerization techniques.
- 5. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1, wherein the free radical species on the fabric surface is created by means of plasma-induced polymerization techniques.
- 6. (Withdrawn) A method of making antimicrobial fabrics comprising the steps of: treating a fabric with ozone to form peroxide groups on the fabric; decomposing the peroxide groups with an iron catalyst to form oxygen radicals; and grafting a polymerizable monomer to the oxygen radicals on the fabric surface.

- 7. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 6, wherein the monomer is carboxylic acid.
- 8. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 7, further comprising reacting the grafted monomer with a mineral acid and hydrogen peroxide to form a peracid on the fabric surface.
- 9. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 7, wherein the monomer is acrylic acid.
- 10. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 6, wherein the monomer is selected from the group consisting of quaternary ammonium salts, quaternary phosphonium salts, peracids, biguanides, iodophors, n-halamines and combinations thereof.
- 11. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 6, further comprising:
 regenerating the peracid by exposing the fabric to mineral acid and hydrogen peroxide.
- 12. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 6, wherein the fabric is selected from the group consisting of cotton, linen, gauze, polyester, nylon, acrylic and blends thereof.
- 13. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 6, wherein the monomer has a nonpolymerizable functional group selected from carboxyl, amino, hydroxyl, sulfhydryl, amido, and mixtures thereof.
- 14. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 6, further comprising: providing a polymerizable co-monomer along with the monomer to form a copolymer.
- 15. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 14, wherein the copolymers are selected from the group consisting of quaternary ammonium salts, quaternary phosphonium salts, peracids, biguanides, iodophors, n-halamines and combinations thereof.

- 16. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 14, wherein the copolymer contains a metal salt.
- 17. (Currently Amended) The method antimicrobial fabric of claim [[6]] 23, characterized in that the antimicrobial fabric has sufficient antimicrobial activity to kill microorganisms selected from the group consisting of gram-negative bacteria, gram-positive bacteria, mold, fungi and viruses.
- 18. (Currently Amended) The method antimicrobial fabric of claim [[17]] 23, wherein the gram-positive bacteria are Staphylococcus aureus.
- 19. (Currently Amended) The method antimicrobial fabric of claim [[17]] 23, wherein the gram-negative bacteria are selected from the group consisting of Escherichia coli and Pseudomonas aeruginosa.
- 20. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 6, wherein a disinfecting amount of the polymerizable monomer is grafted onto the fabric.
- 21. (Currently Amended) The method antimicrobial fabric of claim [[20]] 23, wherein the disinfecting amount of the polymerizable monomer grafted onto the antimicrobial fabric comprises [[is]] sufficient grafted polymerizable monomer to detoxify pesticides.
- 22. (Currently Amended) The method antimicrobial fabric of claim [[20]] 23, wherein the disinfecting amount of the polymerizable monomer grafted onto the antimicrobial fabric comprises [[is]] sufficient grafted polymerizable monomer to detoxify chemical and biological weapons.
- 23. (Currently Amended) An antimicrobial fabric produced in accordance with the a method of claim 6 comprising the steps of:

treating a fabric with ozone to form peroxide groups on the fabric;

decomposing the peroxide groups with an iron catalyst to form oxygen radicals; and
grafting a polymerizable monomer to the oxygen radicals on the fabric surface.

- 24. (Currently Amended) The <u>antimicrobial</u> fabric of claim 23, wherein the <u>antimicrobial</u> fabric is formed into garments.
- 25. (Currently Amended) The garments antimicrobial fabric of claim 24, wherein the garments are selected from the group consisting of masks, scrubs, lab coats, and caps.
- 26. (Currently Amended) The <u>antimicrobial</u> fabric of claim 23, wherein the <u>antimicrobial</u> fabric is formed into items selected from the group consisting of surgical drapes, bed sheets, bedding, privacy drapes, towelettes, hygiene wipes, dressings and bandages.
- 27. (Currently Amended) The <u>antimicrobial</u> fabric of claim 23, wherein the <u>antimicrobial</u> fabric has disinfectant properties.
- 28. (Currently Amended) The method antimicrobial fabric of claim [[6]] 23, wherein the method is carried out without substantial disruption of interfiber adhesion of the fabric is not disrupted.
- 29. (Currently Amended) The method antimicrobial fabric of claim [[6]] 23, wherein the method is carried out without substantial loss of fabric strength by the fabric.
- 30. (Currently Amended) The method antimicrobial fabric of claim [[6]] 23, wherein the fabric retains wherein the method is carried out without substantial loss of tensile strength, tear resistance and abrasion resistance by the fabric.

- 31. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 6, wherein the treating step is carried out at a temperature between about 40 and 80°C.
- 32. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 6, wherein the step of treating the fabric with ozone is carried out for between 10 minutes and 4 hours.
- 33. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 6, wherein the polymerizable monomer is supplied at a concentration of between 1 and 50 percent by weight.